

Primary Producers and Processors of Leafy Vegetables / Melons not in a GFSI recognised scheme*

* Business <u>not</u> able to demonstrate current Global Food Safety Initiative (GFSI) Recognized Scheme certification (eg. Freshcare, GlobalGap and SQF)

Part A: Food Business Details

Section 107(1) / 110(2)

Proprietor Name (Individual / Body Corporate / Trustee *):

* If food business is operating under a trust, please write the name of the person who is the trustee.			
Address of Farm /			
Processing Facility:	Locality:		Postcode:
Postal Address:			
ABN:			
Phone:		Mobile:	
Email:			
Primary Language Sp	oken:		
What leafy vegetabl	es do you grow or process?		
Asian Leafy Green		ned Raw	□ Silverbeet
🗆 Cabbage	Chicory	Γ	□ Spring Onions
□ Lettuces	🗆 Kale	E	□ Swiss Chard
Spinach Leaves	□ Microgreens	E	□ Watercress
🗌 Other (please spe	cify):		
What melons do you	a grow or process?		
Rockmelon	🗌 Piel de Sapo	Γ	🗌 Korean Melon
🗆 Honeydew	🗌 Calia Melon	Ε	🗌 Hami Melon
□ Watermelon	🗌 Charentais Mo	elon	
Other (please spe	cify):		
Which of these activ	vities do your business under	take in relation to	leafy vegetables / melons?
□ Growing & Harves	sting	Combining Har	vested Leaves
□ Trimming		□ Storing	
□ Sorting		□ Packing	
🗆 Washing / Sanitisi	ng Produce	□ Transport	
Do you resell / repac	k leafy vegetables/melons from	m another produc	er? 🗌 Yes 🗌 No
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To whom / where do you sell your produce?

□ Farmer's Markets

🗌 Perth Market Agent

□ Large Retailers

□ Farm Gate

- Café / Restaurant / Caterers
- □ Independent Grocers
- Delivery to Customer
- 🗆 Packer
- Processor

□ Other (please specify):

Declaration & Payment of Prescribed Fee

When lodging this form, please ensure that all required information and attachments have been provided. Failing to do so may result in delays to your application.

Please be aware that by submitting this application, you will be required to pay the associated **prescribed fees.** You will be contacted by the Shire for payment.

I confirm that I have enclosed the following records with my application:

Food Safety Management Statement (Part B of this form)

□ Map of all production and processing sites

Boundaries, buildings/sheds, wastewater systems, growing sites, storage tanks, chemical / fuel storage, waste storage, soil amendment storage area, contaminated areas, etc.

Details for the payment of prescribed fee (Part C of this form)

Name of person completing form / authorised contact*:

* In the case of a company, the signing officer must state their position in the company.

Position of person completing form / authorised contact:

Signature:		Date:
Applicant Phone	::	
You can submit	your complete	d form or contact the Shire via any of the following:
	Online:	Scan the QR code, or visit www.donnybrook-balingup.wa.gov.au
	Email:	shire@donnybrook.wa.gov.au
	In Person:	1 Bentley St, Donnybrook, WA 6239 (Shire Administration Office)

Phone: (08) 9780 4200

The Shire Administration Office is open from 8:30am to 4:00pm, Monday to Friday (closed on Public Holidays and where otherwise stated – notices of office closures are available online)

The information gathered in this form will be used for purposes related to the administration of the *Food Act 2008* (WA). In accordance with regulation 51 of the *Food Regulations 2009* (WA), certain details (proprietor name, trading name and address details) may be made publicly available.

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Appendix: Food Safety Management Statement (FSMS)

A Food Safety Management Statement (FSMS) sets out how the requirements of the primary production and processing standards will be met. You will need to specify the **food safety risk control measures that will be implemented across various aspects of your operation.**

The following sections of this form outline key food safety risk areas associated with the primary production and/or processing that must be addressed.

Each section includes examples of typical food safety risk controls to assist you with the completion of this FSMS. You will need to:

- 1. Tick (\checkmark) the food safety controls that you currently have in place and relevant to your operation.
- 2. List down any additional food safety controls you have in place.
- 3. Leave any pre-listed food safety controls [] blank if it does not apply to your operation.
- 4. Mark any food safety controls you are not sure of with (?) a question mark if you would like to discuss them further with your local government.

Refer to the following resources that can assist you with the completion of this FSMS:



Fresh Produce Safety Centre Food Safety Grower Guide



Vegetables WA Tools and resources



Department of Health WA Horticulture webpage

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Management of Growing Site

Measures to prevent crop contamination on growing site.

Select the food safety controls that you have in place to manage your growing site:

Onsite wastewater treatment and disposal systems are located away from growing site to prevent contamination.

Growing areas are located away from boundaries or measures are in place to prevent contamination via runoff from neighbouring properties.

No known heavy metal contamination of soil in the growing areas.

Growth of weeds and toxic plants are monitored and managed in the growing site to prevent contamination of produce.

Dedicated waste disposal area located away from growing site to prevent contamination.

Equipment washdown areas located away from growing areas to prevent contamination.

Number of growing areas:

Provide details of any historical soil tests for heavy metals:

Any other food safety controls in place for your growing site:

Examples: Windbreaks, biosecurity control measures, controlled access, runoff and erosion control, management of soil conditions to reduce heavy metal uptake (eg. acidity, salinity, zinc), segregation from allergenic foods grown on same farm (eg. Nuts, cereal, soybean), knowledge of historical land use (eg. dip sites, dump site, power poles), greenhouse, plastic covers.

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Soil Amendments (manure, fertilisers, compost)

Measures to ensure your soil amendments do not contaminate your crop.

Select the food safety controls that you have in place for your soil amendments:

No soil amendments used.
Raw untreated chicken/animal manure OR untreated organic fertilisers is not used on farm.
Fertilisers sourced from reputable suppliers.
Treated manure and composts sourced from suppliers that is accredited with AS 4454.
Treated manure / organic fertilisers is incorporated into soil, and growing site is rested prior to planting.
Soil amendments stored to prevent windborne dust onto crops and into buildings.
Soil amendments storage area is in a suitable location to prevent contamination of growing site and water sources.
Pellet or liquid fertilisers stored safely to prevent leakages.
Pellet or liquid fertilisers are applied in accordance with label instructions.
Soil amendment specification sheets and certificates from suppliers are kept on record.
Soil amendments stored to prevent bird, rodent, animal, and pest access.
Records are made on soil amendment application / use.

Any other food safety controls in place for the use of soil amendments:

How many days before harvest are soil amendments applied?

Examples: Covering to prevent exposure to wind and rain, monitoring of environmental conditions before application, weather consideration, soil testing pre- and post- amendments, post-application buffer period, training of workers, procedures, heavy metal testing for long-term use fertilisers.

days



Seed & Seedlings (not required for melons)

Measures to ensure your seeds/seedlings are free from contamination.

Select the food safety controls that you have in place for your seeds and seedlings:

	Seeds and seedlings sourced from reputable suppliers.
	Seedlings checked for pests and diseases upon arrival, and before transplanting.
	Seeds and seedlings adequately protected from contamination.
	Seeds and seedlings specification sheets and certificates from suppliers are kept on record.
ſ	Records are made on seedling receipt and planting area for each batch.

How many days before harvest are soil amendments applied? days

Any other food safety controls in place for your seeds and seedlings:

Examples: Seed disinfection, request for pathogen testing results from supplier, separate batch storage, handling procedures.

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Irriation Water

Measures to protect your irrigation water from contamination.

Select the food safety controls that you have in place for your irrigation water:

	Bores are adequately capp	ped and not subjected to surface v	vater intrusion.
	Open soaks/dams are not	subjected to surface water intrusi	on.
	Regular inspection of soak	s/dams and pumping equipment.	
		festation at open soak/dam, a wa lertaken, disinfection concentratic	•
	Onsite wastewater treatm prevent contamination.	ent and disposal systems is locate	ed away from water sources to
	Irrigation system setup to	allow for fertigation and chemiga	tion for separate growing areas.
	Pets kept away from any farm dams.		
Seleo	Select the water sources you use for crop irrigation:		
B	ores	🗆 Irrigation Channel	🗆 Dams & Soaks
🗆 So	cheme Water	🗆 River / Creek	Recycled Water Scheme
🗆 Rainwater		□ Other (please specify):	
🗆 Sı	ct the irrigation method(s) y urface / Food Irrigation	vou use for crop irrigation:	Sprinkler Irrigation
□ 0	ther (please specify):		

Any other food safety controls in place for your irrigation water:

Examples: Dates of heavy rain recorded, regular microbiological and chemical testing, monitoring of rainfall and weather, sediment filtration, source protection zones, inspection of runoff paths, pre- and post- flushing of lines, irrigation line map.

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Agriculture Chemicals

Describe how you store, apply, and manage your chemicals to ensure it does not make your crop unsafe.

Select the food safety controls that you have in place for your agriculture chemical use:

	No agriculture chemicals used.
	Chemicals stored undercover in secure, ventilated equipment shed away from produce.
	Records are made on all chemical use and application.
	Material Safety Data sheets available (physical or electronically) for all chemicals.
	Mixing and calculation of chemicals are only undertaken by experience staff.
	Fertigation tank checked for leaks before addition of chemicals.
	Fertigation tank and irrigation lines flushed with fresh water after use.
	Manual application on affected crop undertaken if chemigation is not required.
	All chemical containers placed on bunds or in a manner to prevent any leakages contaminating soil.
	Empty chemical IBCs/containers stored away from growing site ready for collection/disposal.
ļ	Clothing and gloves are laundered after each application.
	Application equipment washed in appropriate area away from growing, processing areas.
	Dosing, spraying, and pumping equipment is regularly calibrated.

Do you have personnel trained and certified (ChemCert) to handle agriculture chemicals?

🗌 Yes

🗆 No

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Agriculture Chemicals (cont.)

Any other food safety controls in place for your agriculture chemical use:

Examples: Pre-harvest interval monitoring, designated mixing and loading areas, spill kits, monitoring of weather and wind direction, labelling and expiry tracking, post-application flushing of lines, flow rate monitoring, residue testing, spray drift management, replacement of deteriorated labels, leftover solution disposed safely.

Harvesting

Measures to prevent crop contamination during harvesting.

Select the food safety controls that you have in place for harvesting:

Chemical application sheet checked to ensure adequate withholding period has been achieved for growing area. Collection bin moved to packing shed as soon as it is full to minimise sun exposure.

Collection bins, gloves, and knives clean and sanitised at the end of each day.

Excess dirt is removed from crop before placing in harvest bins.

Harvest equipment regularly maintained and checked for damages.

Any other food safety controls in place for harvesting:

Examples: Provision of portable ablution blocks and handwash stations, disinfection of tools, not harvesting in wet/muddy conditions, no overfilling to prevent bruising, pre-harvest pest and wildlife monitoring walkthrough, no stacking of soiled bins on produce, record keeping.

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Post-harvest Water & Processing

Measures to prevent contamination of your crop from post-harvest water use (washing, sanitising, cleaning, etc).

Select the food safety controls that you have in place for your post-harvest water use and processing:

Scheme / Carted scheme water is used for post-harvest washing and processing.

Onsite sourced water is disinfected before use.

Storage tanks are regularly checked (for pest/birds intrusion, leaks, cracks) and desludged.

Crops are pre-washed before a final wash step.

Pre-washing bin water is managed to prevent high levels of organic matter build up.

Final wash bin/water is dosed with disinfectant.

Disinfectant residuals are checked hourly and topped up when it is low.

Clean and packed product is stored under temperature control if it is stored for extended period.

Excess dirt is removed prior to washing.

If disinfected water is used for washing:

- Which disinfectant do you use?
- What is your target concentration?

Where is your wash water disposed of?

Any other food safety controls in place for your post-harvest water use and processing:

Examples: pH monitoring, disinfectant concentration adjusted to the level of residue on crop and risk, single pass pressure spray, microbiological testing of wash water, disinfectant dosing sheet/procedure, turbidity monitoring, product testing, use of food safe chemicals/detergents.

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Premises & Equipment

Measures to ensure your premises and equipment do not contaminate your crop.

Select the food safety controls that you have in place for your premises and equipment:

Knives used on growing site and packing shed have solid blades.
All collection and wash bins, packing shed floors are cleaned at the end of each day.
Damaged or deteriorated crates and pallets are disposed/repaired. (Risk: nails, splinters, plastic, etc).
Clean crates and boxes stored undercover to avoid contamination.
Soiled cleaning cloths and brushes are replaced, cleaned, and disinfected throughout the day.
Cool room temperature is checked regularly. Temperature:
Toilets are available and provided with hand washing facilities.

Any other food safety controls in place for your premises and equipment:

Examples: Sealed floors at processing areas, floor drains in processing areas, designated eating and drinking areas for employees, cleaning records, internal hygiene and sanitation checks, checking for leaks and drips in cool room, checking for oil leaks and grease on equipment, glass and brittle plastic management, repair of rusting/flaking surfaces, prevent splashing on crops during wash up.

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Animals & Livestock

Measures used to prevent animals, wildlife, and livestock from contaminating your crop and water supplies.

Select the food safety controls that you have in place to prevent crop contamination from livestock and animals:

Growing area is fenced off and livestock has no access to growing area.
Harvest workers are trained to be on the lookout for animal tracks and droppings while harvesting.
Potentially contaminated crops are not harvested.
Increased monitoring of crop or growing area contamination when there is increase wild bird activity.
Damaged fences are fixed immediately to prevent wildlife access.
Standing water puddles around growing area are filled in.
Packing and storage sheds are regularly checked for bird roosts and perches.

Any other food safety controls in place to prevent crop contamination from livestock and animals:

Examples: Increase monitoring during bushfires, marking out of areas accessed by wildlife to exclude harvesting, testing of irrigation dam following severe wild birds/animal intrusion.

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Pest Control

Pest control measures used to protect your crop from contamination.

Select the pest control measures you have in place:

Damaged / rejected produce is either ploughed back into the field or incorporated into compost heap or disposed offsite.

Compost heap is covered, and heap temperature checked regularly.

Pest control chemicals used according to label instructions.

Pest control chemicals located and contained to prevent contact with crops and harvest equipment.

Rodent baiting stations are in place throughout sheds.

Workers trained to look out for droppings, burrows, tracks, and gnaw marks.

Livestock feed stored securely to prevent access to pests.

Licensed pest control contractor is engaged when required.

Rubbish and waste are not stockpiled and managed to prevent harbouring/breeding of pests.

Any other pest control measures you have in place:

Examples: No wood/stone piles, weed trimming, designated personnel responsible for pest management.



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Severe Weather Event

Describe how you respond to severe weather events (flooding, dust storms, drought, etc).

Select the management measures you have in place when your crop is affected by severe weather events:

	Crop areas affected by flood will not be harvested and will be ploughed back into the field.
	In the event of increased dust activity, final wash bin disinfectant concentration will be increased.
	In the event of dust storm, harvest and despatch will be withheld until advice is received on product testing and clearance. LG will be consulted.
	In the event of bushfires, inspection for damaged fencing and wildlife access to water sources will be increased.
	Areas affected by flood water are not replanted for at least days.
Last	known flooding event (year): known dust storm (year): known drought (year):

Any other measures you have in place to manage food safety during severe weather events:

Examples: Growing area testing after flood event, water quality testing of any alternative water sources.

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Traceability

Describe how you keep track of whom you supply your produce to and whom you receive (if any) produce from.

Select the records that you make to keep track of whom you supply your produce to and whom you receive leafy vegetables / melons from:

 Sales receipts or Invoice.

 Purchase receipts.

 Logbook / Journal (electronic or written).

 Crate/Bin numbers to market agent.

 Other (please specify):

Health & Hygiene

Health and hygiene practices for workers and visitors.

Select the health and hygiene measures you have in place:

Workers with symptoms of nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, fever, or jaundiced are not permitted to handle produce.

Cuts, minor wounds, and sores covered with bandages and dressings.

Wearing of jewellery (except plain wedding bands) not allowed when harvesting.

No smoking, spitting, eating, and chewing of gum when harvesting and processing.

Toilets with hand washing/sanitising facilities are easily accessible by workers.

Any other health and hygiene measures you have in place:

Examples: Dedicated work clothes/footwear, footbath / sanitation mats, hygiene training and reinforcement, monitoring of new hires and seasonal workers, reminder signs/posters, workers with cold required to use masks, provision of single use tissues.

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Skills & Knowledge

Describe what is being done to ensure workers have necessary skills and knowledge associated with their tasks.

Select the training and education you provide to your workers:

All new workers are trained by the farm manager and supported by more experienced workers.

Farm manager will provide instructions and corrective advice to workers when required.

Wearing of jewellery (except plain wedding bands) not allowed when harvesting.

No smoking, spitting, eating, and chewing of gum when harvesting and processing.

Toilets with hand washing/sanitising facilities are easily accessible by workers.

Other training / measures you have in place to ensure you and your workers have the appropriate skills and knowledge:

Examples: Horticulture safety course, prestart meetings, food safety culture, translation of instructions.

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